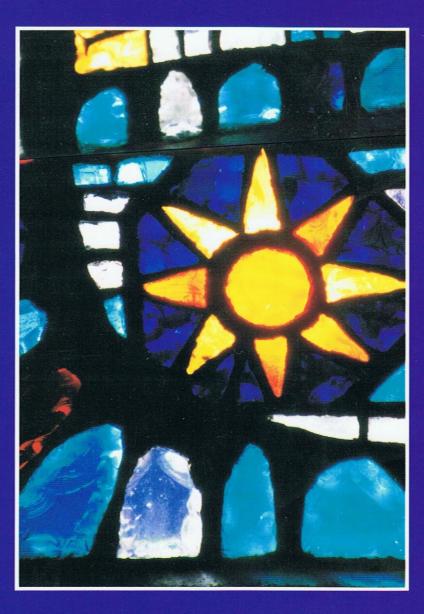


Founder of the Sisters of the Infant Jesus



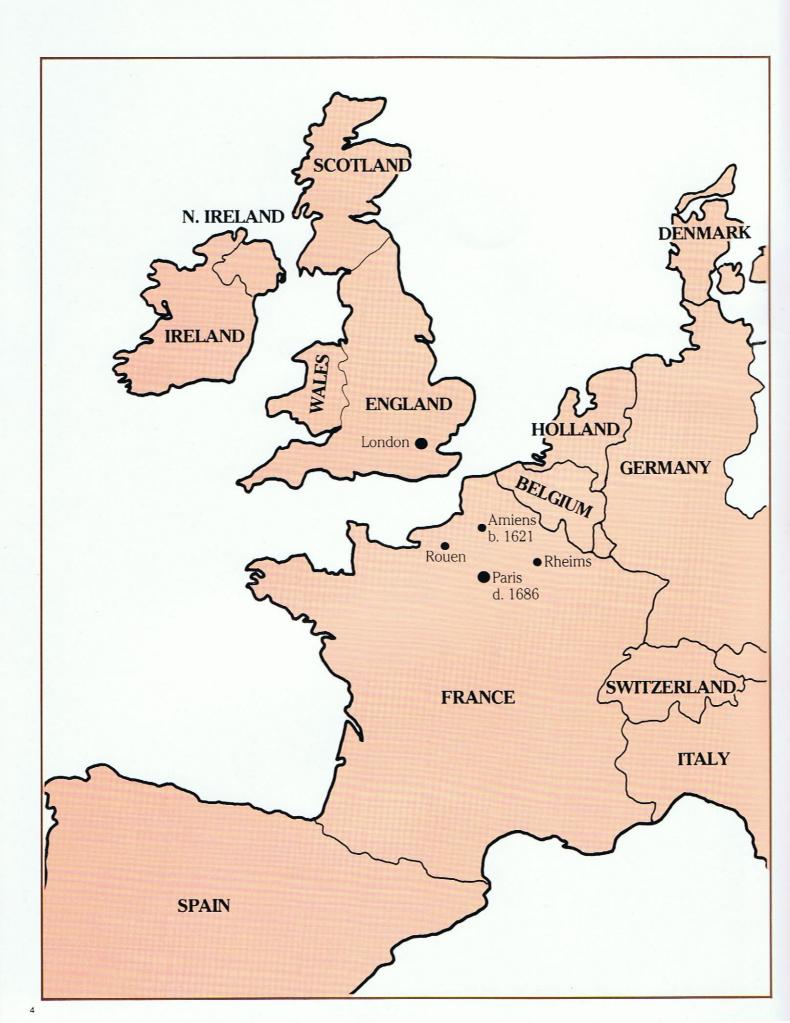


Collection "Les Origines"

• NICOLAS BARRÉ Who was he?

• SISTERS OF THE INFANT JESUS Who are they? Where are they?

In theses pages we retrace the journey of the Sisters of the Infant Jesus which began in AMIENS in 1621 with the birth of NICOLAS BARRÉ and continues today...





THEY WANDERED AROUND AIMLESSLY LOOKING FOR FOOD AND EXCITEMENT. WITHOUT KNOWING IT THEY WERE LOOKING FOR SOMETHING MORE: FOR LOVE EVEN FOR GOD. THEY WERE CONSTANTLY CREATING TROUBLE AND NOBODY SEEMED TO CARE ENOUGH TO DO ANYTHING TO HELP THEM.

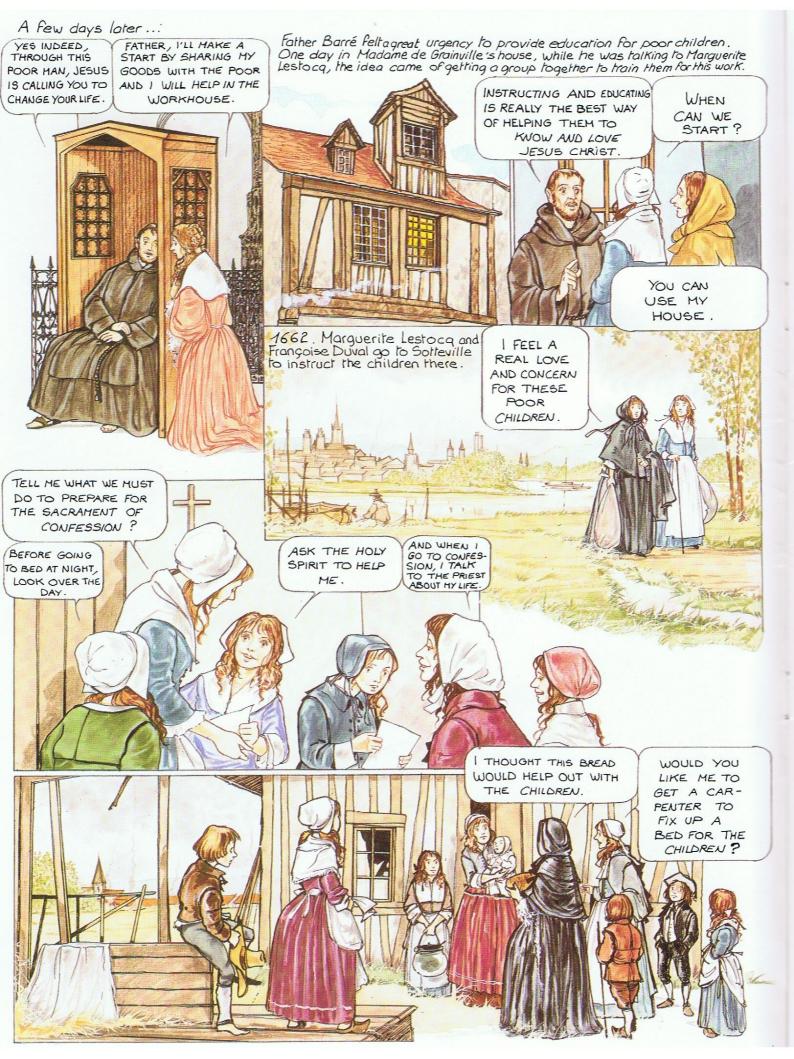




* Minims : Religious who live a life of prayer, penance and humility.



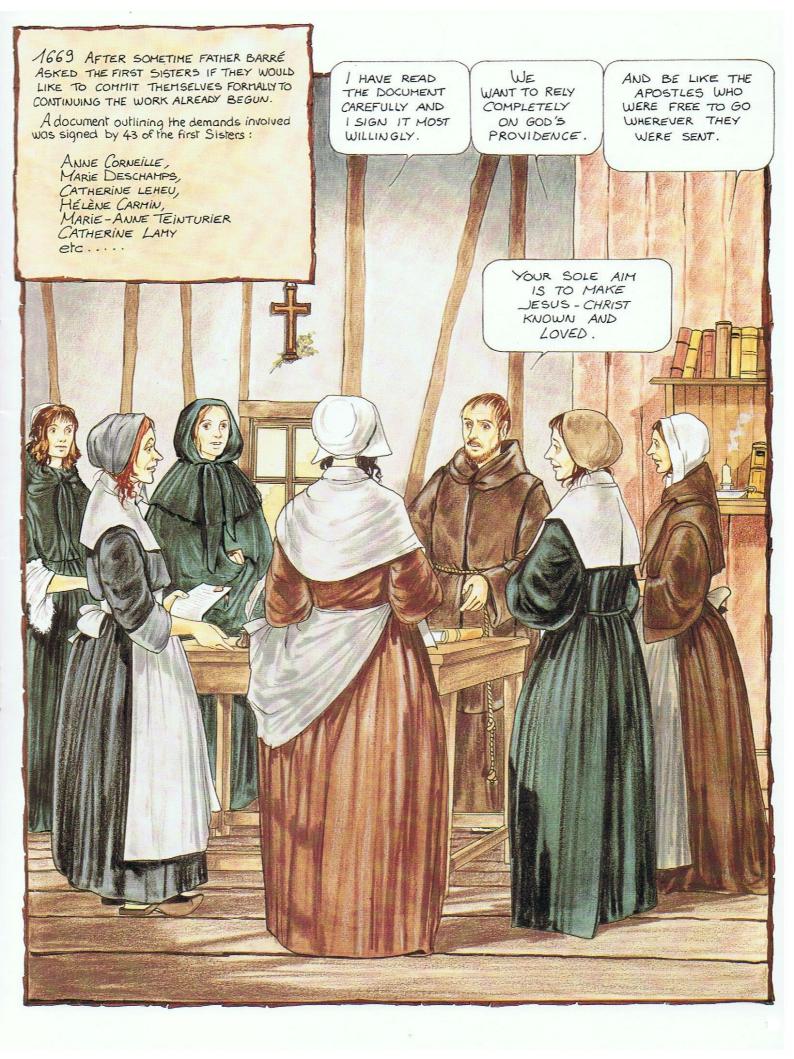




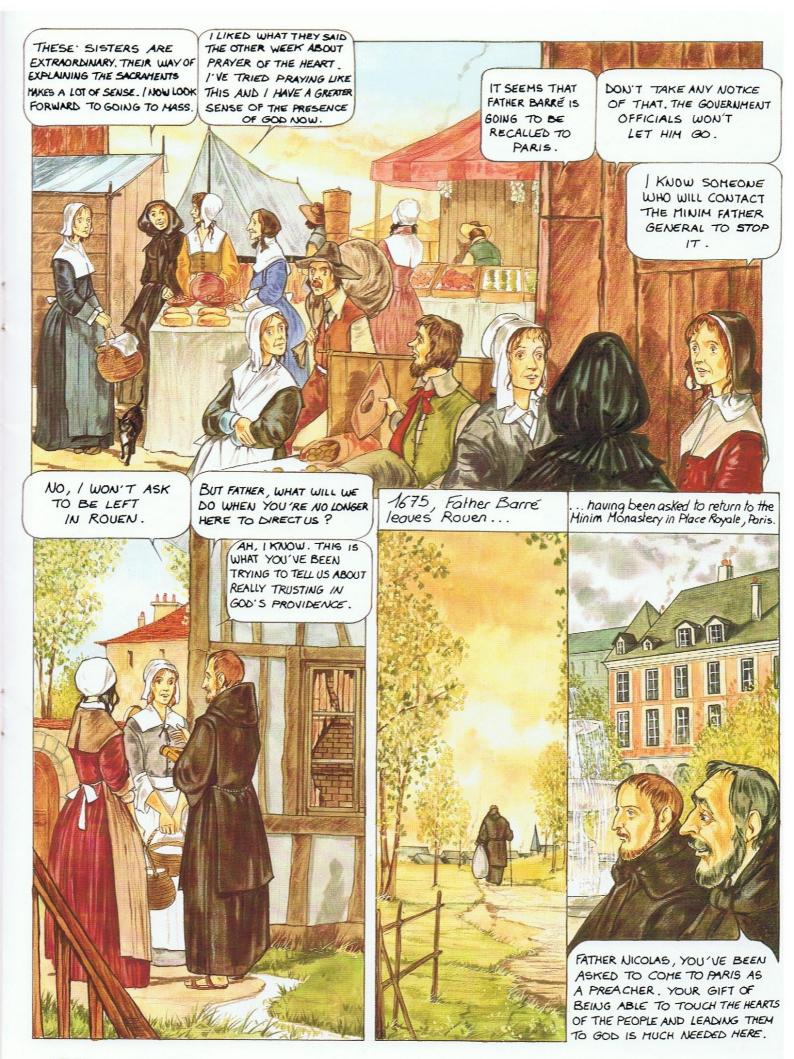


1666 THE BEGINNINGS OF THE INSTITUTE OF THE SISTERS OF THE INFANT JESUS Father Barré had a strong desire and inspiration to form a community so he called together the women who had been working under his guidance.





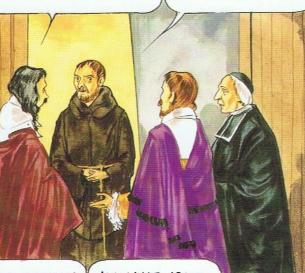




FATHER, WE'VE HEARD ABOUT THE SCHOOLS YOU'VE SET UP ELSEWHERE AND WE'VE COME TO ASK YOU TO DO THE SAME FOR US HERE. MY FIRST REACTION IS'NO' AS I HAVE BEEN ASKED TO COME HERE AS A PREACHER BUT / ASSURE YOU / WILL GIVE IT SOME THOUGHT.

WE HAVE SOMETHING ELSE TO DO BESIDES OPENING SCHOOLS FOR THE CHILDREN OF THE RIFF-RAFF.

WHO DOES HE THINK HE IS ANYWAY ? SUCCESS HAS GOVE TO HIS HEAD.



AND THE IDEA OF HAVING WOMEN TEACHING RELIGION IN THE PARISH ! WE NEVER HEARD OF THAT !

FREE SCHOOLS IT'S MAD ! AND WHAT ABOUT US - HOW DOES HE THINK WE'RE GOING TO LIVE ?

The School Masters charged fees and felt their livelihood threatened by free schools.

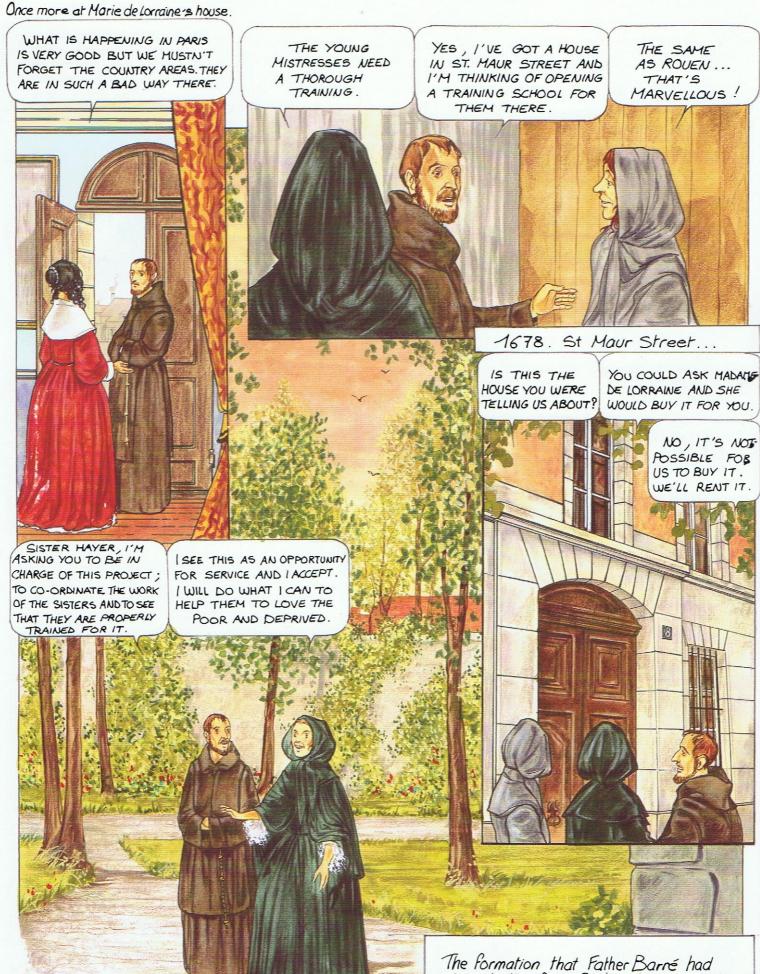
I'M NOT A BIT WORRIED. THE BISHOP HAS APPROVED OF OUR TYPE OF SCHOOL.



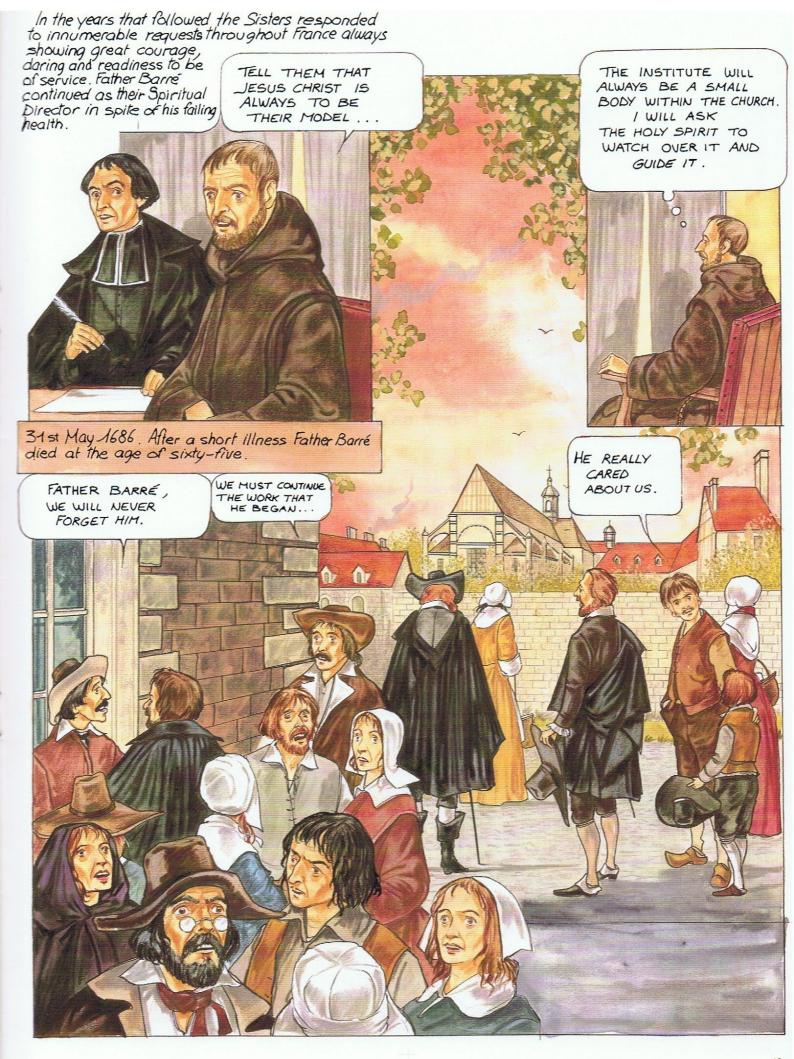
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LORD, / CAN'T SEE CLEARLY ANYMORE, SHOW ME WHAT TO DO.





The formation that Father Barné had given to the first Sisters together with their experience of life in the schools and in community became the basis of the first written RULE of LIFE for the Institute.



NICOLAS BARRÉ: A MAN OF HIS TIME

NICOLAS BARRÉ	IN THE CHURCH	IN ENGLAND AND IRELAND
	1563 Close of the Council of TRENT.	1620-40 James I and Charles I try to rule as absolute monarchs.
1621 Nicolas Barré born.	1622 Death of St. Francis de Sales. Canonisation of Ignatius Loyola. Philip Neri. Teresa of Avila and Francis Xavier.	
	1628 Irish College founded in Rome	
	1629 Foundation of DAUGHTERS OF CHARITY	
	OFCHART	1631 Birth of Christopher Wren. Death of John Donne.
	1633 Galileo condemned. 1637 Birth of Grignon de Montfort.	1633 Strafford Department in Ireland. Persecution.
1640 Nicolas joined the Minims in Amiens.	1640 Jansenism comes to the fore in France.	Birth of Samuel Pepys.
1642 31st January: First Profession, Paris	1641 Death of Jeanne de Chantal.	1641 October-November: Irish Rebellion.
	1645 Death of Mary Ward.	1642-46 Civil War in England. 1645 Formation of "Royal Society"
1646 Ordained priest.	1646 Growth of Non-Conformist Churches in England.	1649 Execution of Charles I. 1649-1660 Commonwealth. 1650 Cromwell in Ireland.
1657-59 Recovering from illness	1651 Birth of John Baptist de la Salle. 1657 Death of Luke Wadding.	1657 Death of Cromwell.
in Amiens. 1659 Sent to Rouen.	1660 Death of Vincent de Paul.	1660 Restoration of monarchy.
1662 First schools started in Rouen.		1661 Birth of Daniel Defoe. 1662 Beginning of reign of Louis XIV.
	1664 Reform of "La Trappe"	1665 The Plague.
1666 First community of Sisters of the Infant Jesus.		1666 Great Fire of London.
1669 First Sisters made formal commitment.		1667 Birth of Jonathan Swift.
	1673 Apparitions to Margaret Mary Alacoque.	 1670 Navigation Act: affecting Irish trade. 1673 Test Act: Roman Catholics excluded from office under the Crown. 1674 Death of John Milton.
1675 Schools started in Paris 1678 First Superior General appointed		1678 Titus Oates Plot.
in Paris.	1680 Death of John Eudes 1681 Oliver Plunkett executed.	1685 Death of Charles II. James II on throne.

1686 31st May: Death of Nicolas Barré

1688 "Bloodless" revolution. England. **1689** "Toleration Act".

Birth of Handel.

NICOLAS BARRÉ: THEN AND NOW





1. The baptismal font in the parish church of St. Germain, Amiens, where Nicolas was baptised on 17 December, 1621.

2. Father Barré.

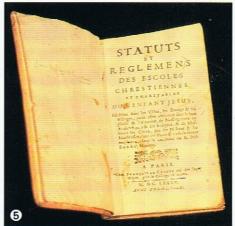
3. Madame de Grainville's house in Rouen.

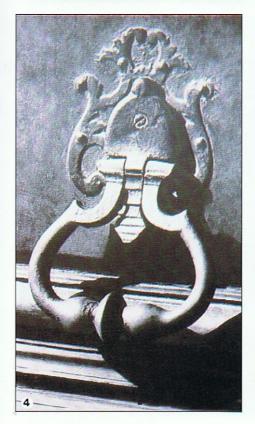
4. 1678 - The Sisters first "Training House" at Rue St. Maur, now Rue de l'Abbe Gregoire, in Paris, and known as the Mother House of the Institute.

5. STATUTES AND RULES: An early edition of one of the first RULES OF LIFE.

6. A typical 17th century working class family from a painting by Louis le Nain.





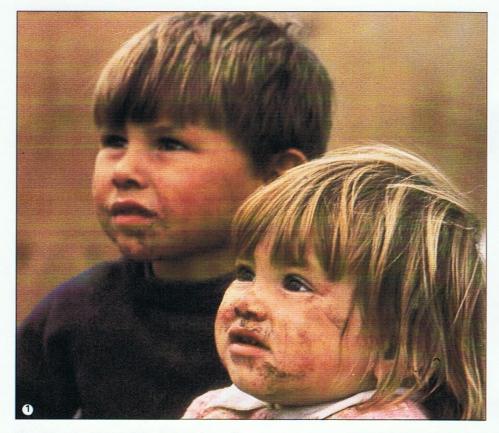




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SISTERS OF THE INFANT JESUS

After more than three hundred years, Nicolas Barré's influence still lives on. The following pages



The life of a Sister of the Infant Jesus is devoted to finding ways of making JESUS CHRIST known and loved especially to those who are most neglected and abandoned.

From the beginning, the running of schools for poor and needy children was one of the main means used.

Sisters went in search of the poor in their own surroundings, went out among the people.



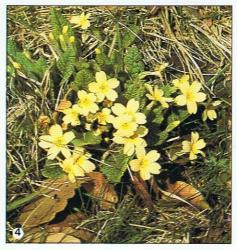
Up to 1789 the Institute of the Sisters of the Infant Jesus continued to grow and spread throughout France — they were in a total of 96 localities.

Then came the FRENCH REVOLUTION. Faced with the threat of persecution and the guillotine, the Sisters scattered only to continue their work of spreading the Good News among those most in need in whatever way possible.



- 1. Children in need. (France).
- 2. The seed scatters.
- 3. Threatening clouds.
- 4. It was a re-birth: a spring-time.
- 5. Beyond the seas.
- 6. The Far East.

In 1806 they began to come together again, having suffered great losses during the time they had been separated. It was a re-birth. Trusting completely in the Lord, they were ready to go wherever they were sent.



Expansion soon began, not only in France, but beyond the seas.



In 1852 a group set out for MALAYSIA in the Far East. With continued daring and courage, another group went further afield to JAPAN in 1872.



illustrate his inspiration at work in the lives of the Sisters throughout the world today.



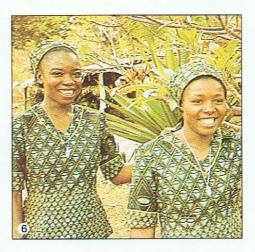
From the beginning, local vocations were encouraged, and today there are about 250 local Sisters in Malaysia/Singapore, and about 150 Japanese Sisters in Japan.

A number of attempts were made to go to THAILAND beginning in 1885. Our present mission in Thailand dates from 1957 — the seed eventually had taken root and now there are about 35 Thai Sisters continuing the work of evangelisation. In 1936 came the call to CHINA, when ten Sisters of six nationalities set sail from Japan. Before long came the outbreak of World War II. Records show their fearlessness in trying to help the unfortunate victims whether Chinese. Japanese, German or American. Disease was rampant; some of the Sisters died of typhus and eventually all had to withdraw in 1946.



Next came the call to the Americas – CALIFORNIA In 1950 and PERU in 1967.

Their mission in AFRICA began in 1968 In the CAMEROONS, followed by NIGERIA in 1983.

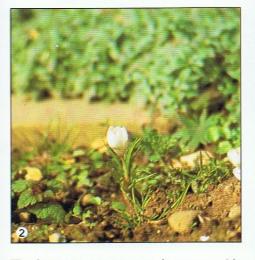


In the meantime in 1969 the Sisters arrived in AUSTRALIA.



With more than 300 years of history behind it, living through wars, revolutions, disasters of all kinds, the Institute has endeavoured to remain faithful to the spirit with which it was founded. This has demanded constant renewal and adaptation, which is particularly evident in present day society.

Belonging to an international institute with its diversity of cultures, they are called to express creatively the gift the Lord has given them as Sisters of the Infant Jesus. In this way they can bear witness to the universality of the Kingdom of God in which people of every race, nation, and mentality are gathered.



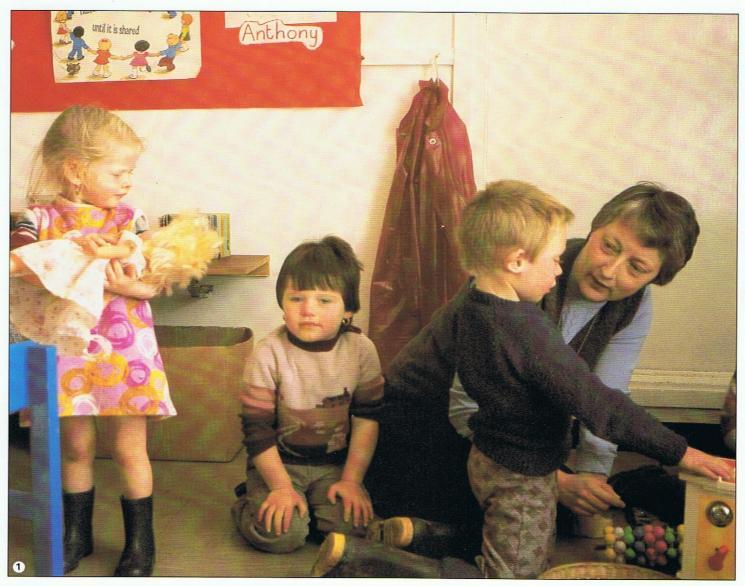
The Institute was ever on the move with the first foundation in SPAIN in 1860, in ENGLAND in 1892, in ITALY In 1906, and in IRELAND In 1909.





- 1. Children from broken homes in Singapore with Sr. Dominic.
- 2. The seed had eventually taken root.
- 3. Drishane Convent, Ireland.
- 4. Sister Daniel elected Superior General in 1983.
- 5. Gathering for Mass in Peru.
- 6. Two Cameroonian Sisters.
- 7. The journey continues...

IN WORDS AND PICTURES, THE SISTERS TELL OF MISSION OF CHRIST



"Each morning Margaret, the helper, and myself drive through the countryside looking for our fourteen little travellers. When we gather our flock, we make our way to a one-roomed flat with kitchen and bathroom. In the beginning we had four walls and nothing else. Can you imagine the floor? Spilt milk, currant buns, and the kids running around in wellies! Then we found two chairs and a door which made a table. Gradually things began to take shape.

At the beginning, as you can well imagine, it wasn't easy to find the best way to help the children. Their language was a language that the "strangers do not know" but we gradually got to understand each other. This term they are great — playing, singing and laughing like all small children.

Of course, we never know what each day will bring. We work as the song says 'one day at a time'." Christ invites us to follow Him in the ways He chose in His incarnation... Empowered by the Spirit we respond to that call and commit ourselves "entirely, unconditionally and forever". Book of the Institute



"I have learned a lot from three physically handicapped pupils who were incorporated into our normal school life. Their deep friendship and vibrant faith was particularly evident when Susan died of a heart attack having suffered on dialysis with kidney failure for so long. We could not keep back our tears as her two school friends arrived that day for her Memorial Mass. Raynor, with one leg amputated, the other uselessly dragging behind her, staggered in with the help of her crutches. And Sarah confined to a wheelchair with Spina-bifida, steered herself through the chapel doors. Both made this tremendous effort in joining the rest of their school companions to celebrate their friendship and Susan's life, oblivious of their own handicap."

England

Sr. Christine in Ballymun.
 Friendship to be celebrated.

WAYS IN WHICH THEY SHARE IN THE LIFE AND

"I have often been touched on seeing how the poor are concerned for the poor and how they want to share with them. For example, a father of a family of four youngsters had an extremely difficult year in trying to make ends meet due to unemployment and illness in the family. I was very moved when before Christmas he presented me with a doll's cot which he had made himself expressing the wish that it be given to a poor child as a Christmas present".





"I find that the students in the Polytechnic need someone who will simply believe in them, someone who finds that they are important enough to spend time with in an apparently non-productive way. They can often feel a failure. "What's the point of it all?" It is a privilege to share their journey with its moments of search, struggle and discovery. It is encouraging to see the dawning confidence and hope that each person is very important with many gifts. Gradually they realise that their gifts are not for their own benefit only but to be shared in order to build a more just and loving world."



"From working with prisoners I have learned that service to others should not be motivated by the changes we want to bring about in them.

We can only listen to them with compassion, treat them with respect and try to build up their self confidence. They change in their own time and in their own way.

Most of all they need encouragement and to know that they too have something to give.'

Ireland



"The aim of the work at the Centre is to befriend the housebound, the elderly and the handicapped in the local community and to give practical help where necessary ... household chores, shopping, pension collecting, boarding up windows, providing material help, gardening, mending broken equipment, visits to the moving furniture and launderette, hospital visits. The old like contact with the young. 'The young people have made us all very happy and it is nice to know they care for us old folks'." England



"Working with mentally retarded adults has changed my way of thinking, living and praying. Having taught "normal" children for many years it is quite a challenge. It is very important not to let myself become frustrated - not to expect results but to learn to "waste" time - to listen and try to understand what they are "saying" to me. When I help them in any way I feel drawn closer to Christ. I realise how important it is not to miss this PRESENCE in my day to day relations with them. Their affectionate concern for one another and for the staff moves me towards greater gentleness and patience in my own life. Working with the mentally retarded has taught me a new set of values and has helped me to recognise the dignity and worth of each person created in God's image."

Ireland

Rooted in the mystery of the Incarnation, we participate in the growth of the person, in the image of God. Book of the Institute.

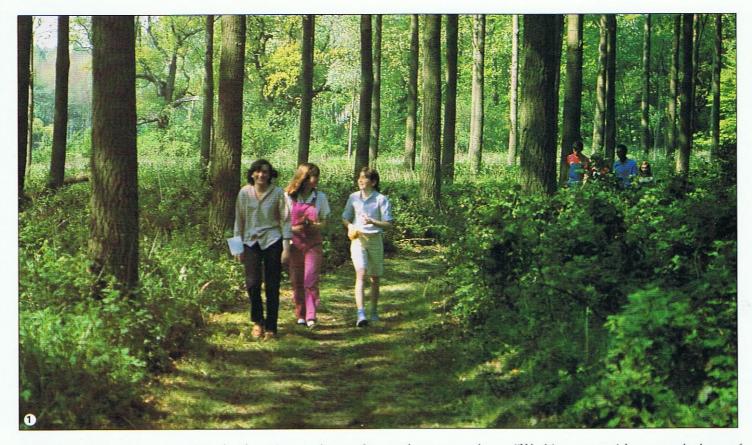
1. Sr. Kitty with Polytechnic students.

Prison bars

3. Sr. Frances at the Centre.

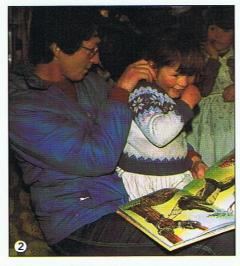
4. Srs. Attracta and Michael with the

handicapped.



"I really did not want to go to the school retreat this year, but since Joe was going, I knew it would be boring at home. Well, the retreat turned out to be something quite different. Somehow Jesus became very real for me and not someone very remote. I'll be the first to sign up for Sister's next retreat".

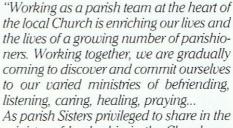
Ireland



"It is not difficult for me as a nurse to understand what a great privilege it is to be Christ's channel of healing and compassion. In visiting patients and their relatives in hospital, hospice or in their homes, I find that what they most value is the time spent with them. This is a daily challenge to me."

"As an educator I try to share my understanding of the reality of Jesus Christ with young people who are influenced by other values.

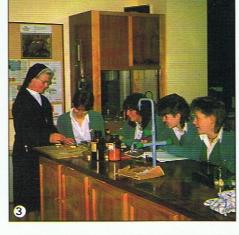
They are bieng pressurised continually by the advertising world. The unemployment situation gives them a sense of being unwanted. We can help them to direct their talents, enthusiasm and idealism to building up a kingdom of justice, love and peace."



ministry of leadership in the Church, we believe we are helping to broaden horizons and change outdated stereotypes about the place of women in the Church." England

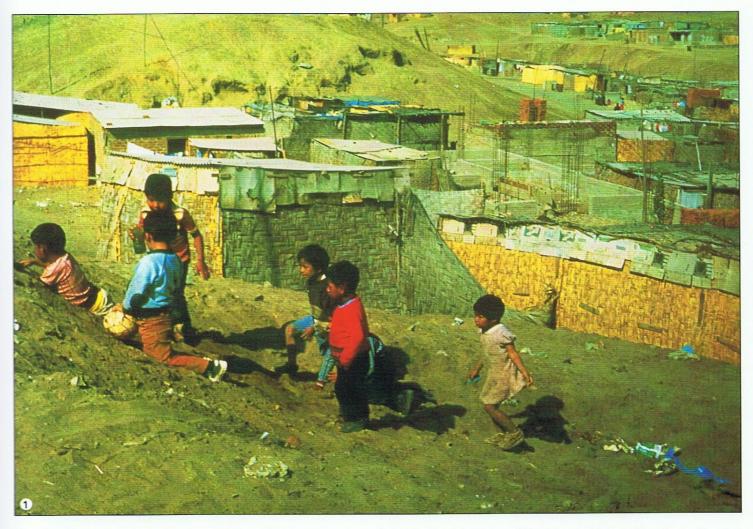


True asceticism for us will be found in the faithful living out of our mission. Book of the Institute



 Girls from St. Maur's, Weybridge on Retreat.
 Sr. Teresa, a public health nurse in Dublin.
 Sr. Ita teaching Science in Drishane.
 The Parish Team meeting in Crawley (Srs. Mairead & Melissa).

Ireland





"One boy, whose whole family had been wiped out, spent 4 years in a border camp. While there, he learned English by boring a hole in the wall of the classroom so that he could follow the lessons. A lesson would have cost the equivalent of 30 US cents, but he had no money whatsoever. When he came to the transit camp the got work in the canteen for about 40 US cents a week. He saved up and bought an English book and a dictionary. When another boy, who had also lost his whole family, came to the camp, the first boy was so concerned for him that he gave him his most precious possession - his two English books". Thailand

"There is much work to be done in the area of marriage counselling. Many don't communicate before they are married and some never do so... Helping people to communicate - with others and with God - is a vital part of my work. The important thing is accepting people as they are, as Christ did. I try to help people understand they are responsible for themselves and their own lives.'

Australia



- 1. Lima, Peru. 2. Refugee Camp in Thailand. 3. Sr. Ita in Lockridge, Australia
- 4. Sr. Mary in Calabria, Italy

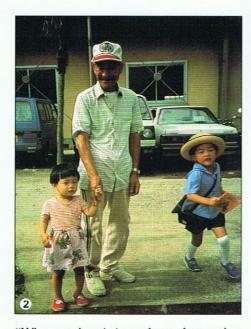
"Reading, writing, arithmetic — these are also ways of achieving liberation. People are becoming more aware of their worth and dignity. They are discovering that it is within their power to bring about change in their society". Peru



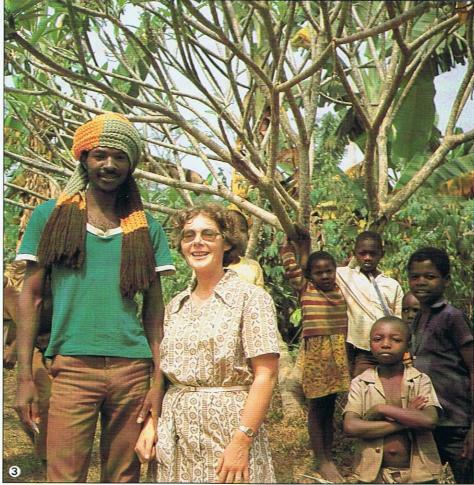
"More and more I feel called to become 'one among them'. If they have lost hope. I must hope for them; if they have lost faith. I must believe for them; if they have lost the incentive to struggle and the desire to go on living. I must be a sign of life and hope among them."



"When walking down a San Francisco street in the course of a morning, you can come across many people who have been hurt by society particularly through unemployment. They are not able to find a way out of their hopelessness on their own. At our Centre, we try to give them every possible help to find some means of employment. At the same time, we encourage them to rebuild the fragments of their lives and value themselves as human beings."



"Why are the victims of war from other countries living here? Why are women from other countries coming here as prostitutes? Why do business companies send married men to work in branch offices that are far away from their families? The values to be protected seem to be: economic success for the company, national economy to be boosted, development of the country to be assured. But if my country makes a profit, what happens to the other countries? Everywhere the poor and the weak are victims of those in power. The power holders become oppressors so as to protect themselves, their country, their position, their own corner - all in the name of progress and development." Japan

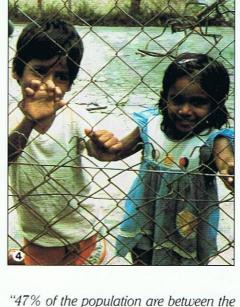


"When I anived in Central West Africa I had to face many difficulties: culture shock, heat, drought and torrential rain, no knowledge of the language, different customs. I was white and a stranger. I knew no one and no one knew me. Reflecting on my experience five years later I realise that the people of the Cameroons are its wealth. They are courageous, hopeful and friendly. I see the value of the Sisters being close to the people, helping them to recognise their own worth and potential."

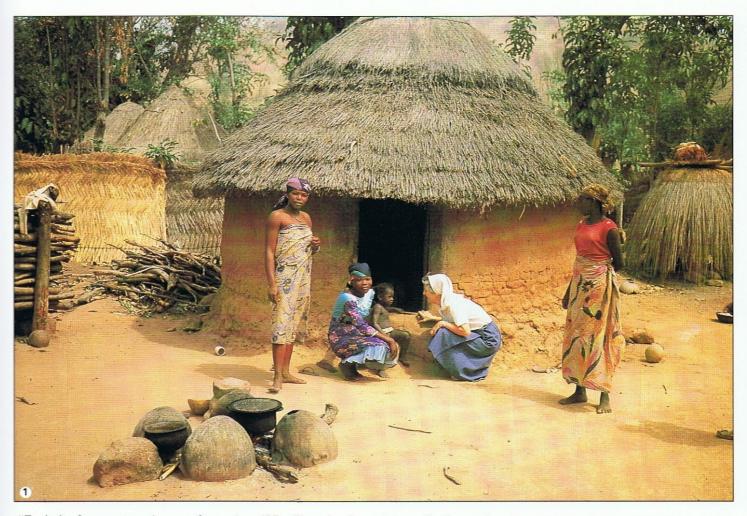
Cameroons

We are called to teach them the way of salvation while at the same time giving them that human formation which is essential if they are to live according to their dignity as children of God. Thus we commit ourselves with them in building a world of justice and love. Book of the Institute.

- 1. Streets of San Francisco.
- 2. Children in Japan.
- 3. Sr. Georgina and catechist in the Cameroons.
- 4. Malaysia: "What's our future?"



41% of the population are between the ages of seven and twenty-four years. Young people are confronted with drugs, delinquency and prostitution. They are faced with despair, isolation and feelings of worthlessness."



"Each day I encounter misery and poverty in my professional work, at meetings with unemployed youth, in my neighbourhood. There is poverty everywhere. It is difficult to say what is the greatest challenge to me. All the children in the school, with the exception of about 10%, are failures. 40% are in special classes. I have been teaching since 1950 and I am convinced that if these children leave school without being able to read, write and count, they will be lost for life and added to the list of the unemployed.

For me to teach someone to read is to teach freedom, helping that person to be responsible for his own life socially and politically."

France



"The Gospel values such as sharing and respect for people are truly present in the peoples' lives so that they find themselves very much "at home" reading both the Old and the New Testament. However, the polygamous situation causes hardship for many who want to and cannot be fully members of the Church."

Nigeria

Our personal and community life is oriented towards this goal: that all peoples may come to know the love of God revealed in Jesus Christ and share His life.

Book of the Institute

- 1. Sr. Kathleen in Yola, Nigeria.
- 2. Children at school in France.
- 3. "In the image of God", Spain.

"Our aim in this school for gypsies is to work for justice so that the child may be respected as a person, and that his ability to learn, no matter how limited, may be encouraged and not treated superficially. We reflect together in community on what we are trying to do. We try to urge the civil administration to take it's work more seriously. We try to draw nearer to the families, to look on them as neighbours... all of which causes a lot of suffering for us. They are what we and our society have made them but they want to live with dignity, the dignity of the CHILDREN OF GOD, created in His image."

SISTERS OF THE INFANT JESUS IN ENGLAND AND IRELAND TODAY

respond to their call to make JESUS CHRIST better known and loved through:

TEACHING IN SCHOOLS

- Nursery
- Junior
- Senior

ADULT EDUCATION

- Prisoners
- Young mothers in deprived areas
- Retreat work

SOCIAL SERVICES

- Public Health Nursing
- Social work
- Care staff for mentally handicapped people
- Associated office work

PARISH MINISTRY

- As members of parish teams
- Parish catechists
- Parish visiting

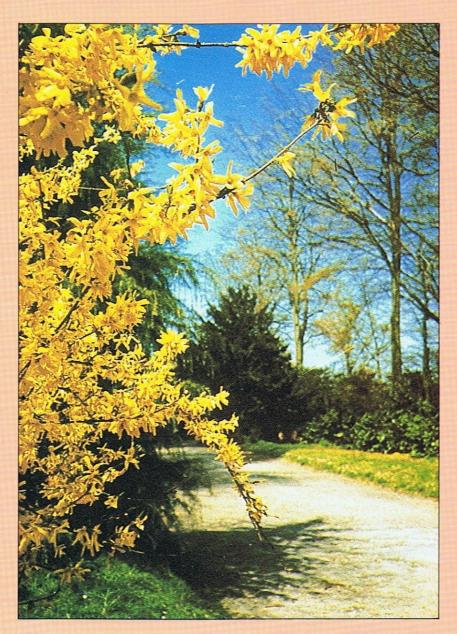
CHAPLAINCY

- Third level colleges
- Immigrant communities
- Prisons
- Hospitals



GOD LOVED THE WORLD SO MUCH THAT HE GAVE HIS ONLY SON SO THAT EVERYONE WHO BELIEVES IN HIM MAY NOT BE LOST BUT MAY HAVE ETERNAL LIFE.

John 3: 16



"ALWAYS BE AT PEACE AND TRUST IN GOD WHATEVER HAPPENS, IT WILL BE DONE TO YOU ACCORDING TO YOUR FAITH, YOUR HOPE AND YOUR LOVE — AND EVEN BEYOND THAT"

Nicolas Barré

Editions du Rameau

9, rue de Mézières, 75006 Paris - France Tél.: (1) 45.44.50.90 Publishers and foreign distributors: Fernand Caldirola Lionel Dofny Claude Lambert-Laurent Christian Riehl. Text edited by the Sisters of the Infant Jesus. Illustrations: Pascal Croci Designer: Pierre Pichodo ISBN 2-86711.026.7 Editions C2L/Sadifa 3rd trimester 1986 ISSN 0751-6991 © Printed in France.